Soft-World International Corporation and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and Independent Auditors' Report

DECLARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AFFILIATES

The entities that are required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates of Soft-World International Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2024 under the "Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises" are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standard No. 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements". In addition, relevant information required to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies. Consequently, Soft-World International Corporation and its subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Very truly yours,
Soft-World International Corporation
Ву
Wang, Chin - Po
Chairman

February 26, 2025



勤業眾信

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Soft-World International Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Soft-World International Corporation (the "Corporation") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 is described as follows:

Revenue recognition - MyCard transactions

The Corporation is an agent in its exclusive card (MyCard) transactions. Net service revenue is recognized at the time customers use MyCard in exchange for game points. Please refer to Note 4 of the consolidated financial statements. We considered the risk of material misstatement of the recognition of revenue as the risk of incorrect calculation of the aforementioned game points and the amount needed to be transferred to the related game operators. Therefore, we focused on the accuracy of revenue recognized from MyCard transactions.

The main audit procedures that we performed included the following:

- 1. We obtained an understanding of and tested the operating effectiveness of the internal controls of the MyCard internet platform and the interface control between MyCard and the ERP system;
- 2. We implemented computer-assisted audit techniques and tested the process by which MyCard points were deposited, exchanged and consumed. We also verified the amount from MyCard points exchanged that needed to be transferred to the related game operators and confirmed that the net service revenue amounts had been recorded appropriately.

Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of the Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chiu-Yen Wu and Chen-Li Chen.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 26, 2025

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31,	2024	December 31,	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 4,020,788	21	\$ 5,154,491	30
Contract assets - current (Note 24)	2,920	-	4,446	-
Notes receivable (Notes 4 and 7)	841	-	578	-
Accounts receivable, net (Notes 4, 7 and 30)	281,501	1	313,785	2
Other receivables (Notes 4, 7 and 30)	1,593,225	8	1,654,193	10
Current tax assets (Notes 4 and 26)	9,180	-	7,999	-
Inventories (Notes 4 and 8)	46,993	-	28,631	-
Other financial assets - current (Notes 9 and 31)	7,888,121	41	7,102,790	42
Other current assets (Note 7)	707,083	4	822,501	5
Total current assets	14,550,652	<u>75</u>	15,089,414	89
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) - noncurrent (Notes 4 and 10)	4,005	-	5,144	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) - noncurrent				
(Notes 4 and 11)	3,284,375	17	387,742	3
Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 13)	39,682	-	39,605	-
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 14 and 31)	341,110	2	362,293	2
Right-of-use assets (Notes 4 and 15)	47,614	-	45,659	-
Investment properties (Notes 4, 16 and 31)	42,111	-	35,246	-
Goodwill (Notes 4 and 5)	457,621	3	457,621	3
Other intangible assets (Notes 4 and 17)	18,272	-	26,549	-
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4, 5 and 26)	16,602	-	20,525	-
Refundable deposits Net defined benefit assets (Notes 4 and 22)	27,846	-	26,894	-
Other financial assets - noncurrent (Notes 9 and 31)	40,104 603,215	3	28,801 399,658	3
Other noncurrent assets	526	_	526	
Total noncurrent assets	4,923,083	25	1,836,263	11
TOTAL	<u>\$ 19,473,735</u>	100	<u>\$ 16,925,677</u>	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Contract liabilities - current (Note 24)	\$ 261,428	1	\$ 201,172	1
Notes payable (Notes 18 and 30)	8,050	-	12,209	-
Accounts payable (Notes 18 and 30)	213,947	1	336,140	2
Other payables (Notes 19 and 30)	4,084,236	21	4,113,065	24
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 26)	105,124	1	89,528 29,045	1
Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 15)	26,923 792,240	4	815,880	5
Other financial liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 20) Other current liabilities (Note 21)	2,694,453	14	2,898,917	17
Total current liabilities	8,186,401	42	8,495,956	50
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 26)	131,785	1	97,786	1
Lease liabilities - noncurrent (Notes 4 and 15)	21,370	-	17,403	-
Net defined benefit liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	26,651	-	42,350	-
Guarantee deposits received	101,466		98,269	1
Total noncurrent liabilities	281,272	1	255,808	2
Total liabilities	8,467,673	43	8,751,764	52
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE CORPORATION (Note 23)			1 274 742	7
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE CORPORATION (Note 23) Share capital	1,560,743	8	1,274,743	/
	1,560,743 4,370,959	<u>8</u> <u>23</u>	1,882,495	
Share capital Capital surplus Retained earnings	4,370,959	23	1,882,495	11
Share capital Capital surplus Retained earnings Legal reserve	4,370,959 1,416,754	$\frac{8}{23}$	1,882,495 1,300,061	118
Share capital Capital surplus Retained earnings Legal reserve Special reserve	4,370,959 1,416,754 25,117	<u>23</u> 7	1,882,495 1,300,061 46,916	11 8
Share capital Capital surplus Retained earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Unappropriated earnings	4,370,959 1,416,754 25,117 2,868,553	23 7 - 15	1,882,495 1,300,061 46,916 2,889,129	11 8 17
Share capital Capital surplus Retained earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Unappropriated earnings Total retained earnings	4,370,959 1,416,754 25,117 2,868,553 4,310,424	23 7 - 15 - 22	1,882,495 1,300,061 46,916 2,889,129 4,236,106	11 8 - 17 25
Share capital Capital surplus Retained earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Unappropriated earnings	4,370,959 1,416,754 25,117 2,868,553	23 7 - 15	1,882,495 1,300,061 46,916 2,889,129	11 8 - 17 25 1
Share capital Capital surplus Retained earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Unappropriated earnings Total retained earnings Other equity	4,370,959 1,416,754 25,117 2,868,553 4,310,424 129,142	23 7 15 22 1	1,882,495 1,300,061 46,916 2,889,129 4,236,106 172,873	11 8 17 25 1 (3
Share capital Capital surplus Retained earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Unappropriated earnings Total retained earnings Other equity Treasury shares Total equity attributable to owners of the Corporation	4,370,959 1,416,754 25,117 2,868,553 4,310,424 129,142 (567,008)		1,882,495 1,300,061 46,916 2,889,129 4,236,106 172,873 (573,240)	11 8 - 17 - 25 - 1 (3
Capital surplus Retained earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Unappropriated earnings Total retained earnings Other equity Treasury shares	4,370,959 1,416,754 25,117 2,868,553 4,310,424 129,142 (567,008) 9,804,260		1,882,495 1,300,061 46,916 2,889,129 4,236,106 172,873 (573,240) 6,992,977	$ \begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \hline 11 \\ 8 \\ \hline 17 \\ \hline 25 \\ \hline 1 \\ \hline (3) \\ 41 \\ \hline 7 \\ \hline 48 \\ \end{array} $

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2024		2023	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
NET OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4, 24 and 30)	\$ 6,774,342	100	\$ 6,249,393	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 4, 25 and 30)	3,176,052	<u>47</u>	3,033,283	<u>48</u>
GROSS PROFIT	3,598,290	53	3,216,110	_52
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 25 and 30) Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses Research and development expenses Expected credit loss (Notes 7 and 24)	1,664,575 419,431 312,365 26,965	25 6 5	1,537,589 365,441 284,204 54,014	25 6 4 1
Total operating expenses	2,423,336	<u>36</u>	2,241,248	<u>36</u>
OPERATING INCOME	1,174,954	<u>17</u>	974,862	<u>16</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Note 25) Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of gain of associates accounted for using the equity method Total non-operating income and expenses	147,821 194,330 (23,579) (1,236) 1,736 319,072	2 3 - - - 5	127,169 42,975 (12,160) (1,586) 1,281 157,679	2 - - - 2
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	1,494,026	22	1,132,541	18
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 26)	255,960	4	237,660	4
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	1,238,066	<u>18</u>	894,881	14
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (Note 22) Unrealized (loss) income on investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI (Note 23) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (Note	16,447 (81,223)	- (1)	439 258,965	- 4
26)	(3,290) (68,066)	<u>(1</u>)	(88) 259,316 (Cor	$\frac{{4}}{4}$

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2024		2023	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translating foreign operations (Note 23)	\$ 69,682	1	\$ (7,714)	_
Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (Note 26)	(9,809) 59,873		1,011 (6,703)	_
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year, net of income tax	(8,193)		252,613	4
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 1,229,873</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>\$ 1,147,494</u>	<u>18</u>
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Corporation Non-controlling interests	\$ 1,139,432 98,634	17 1	\$ 859,826 35,055	14
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 1,238,066	<u>18</u>	<u>\$ 894,881</u>	<u>14</u>
ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Corporation Non-controlling interests	\$ 1,119,180 110,693	16 2	\$ 1,108,177 39,317	18
	<u>\$ 1,229,873</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>\$ 1,147,494</u>	<u>18</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 27) Basic Diluted	\$ 7.75 \$ 7.72		\$ 7.09 \$ 7.06	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Equity Attributable to Owners of the Corporation Other Equity Exchange Differences on **Unrealized Gain** Retained Earnings Translating (Loss) on Unappropriated Financial Assets Non-controlling Foreign Treasury shares Share Capital Capital Surplus Legal Reserve Special Reserve Earnings Operations at FVTOCI Subtotal Total Interests Total Equity BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2023 \$ 1,274,743 \$ 1,842,281 \$ 1,214,851 25,117 \$ 2,717,604 (19,578)251,201 231,623 \$ (515,770) \$ 6.790.449 \$ 1,206,342 \$ 7,996,791 Appropriation of 2022 earnings (Note 23) Legal reserve 85,210 (85,210) Special reserve 21,799 (21,799) Cash dividends distributed by the Corporation (888,393) (888,393) (888,393) 85,210 (995,402) (888,393) (888,393) 21,799 Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries (Note 23) (7,668)(7.668)859,826 Net profit in 2023 859,826 35,055 894,881 Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2023, net of income tax (341) (5,304)253,996 248,692 248,351 4,262 252,613 253,996 39,317 1,147,494 Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2023 859,485 (5,304)248,692 1,108,177 Purchase of the Corporation's shares by subsidiaries (Note 23) (57,523) (57,523)(34,533)(92,056)Adjustments of capital surplus for the Corporation's cash dividends received by subsidiaries 39,511 Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries 53 (756) 756 Decrease in non-controlling interests (21,766) (21,766) Disposal of investment in equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI 307,442 (307,442)(307,442) (Note 11) BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023 1,274,743 1,882,495 1,300,061 46,916 2,889,129 (24,882)197,755 172,873 (573,240) 6,992,977 1,180,936 8,173,913 Appropriation of 2023 earnings (Note 23) Legal reserve 116,693 (116,693) Cash dividends distributed by the Corporation (1,088,593) (1,088,593) (1,088,593) Reversal of special reserve (21,799) 21,799 116,693 (21.799)(1,183,487)(1.088,593) (1.088.593) Cash dividends from capital surplus (Note 23) (311,027) (311,027) (311,027) Cash dividends distributed by the subsidiaries (Note 23) (9,866) (9.866)Net profit in 2024 1,139,432 1.139.432 98 634 1,238,066 48,483 (78,762) (30,279) Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2024, net of income tax 10,027 (20,252)12,059 (8,193)Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2024 1,149,459 48,483 (78,762)(30,279)1,119,180 110,693 1,229,873 Issue of ordinary share, others (Note 23) 286,000 2,708,992 2,994,992 2,994,992 Purchase of the Corporation's shares by subsidiaries (Note 23) (37,356) (22,426) (37,356) (59.782)Adjustments of capital surplus for the Corporation's cash dividends received by subsidiaries 56,227 56,227 56,227 Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries 96 1,062 (1,062) 33,306 Share-based payment (Note 23) 43,492 76,798 534 77,332 Decrease in non-controlling interests (57,007) (57,007) Disposal of investment in equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI (Note 11) 13,452 (13,452)(13,452)BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2024 \$ 1,560,743 4,370,959 1,416,754 25,117 2,868,553 23,601 105,541 129,142 (567,008) \$ 9,804,260 \$ 1,201,802 \$ 11,006,062

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$	1,494,026	\$	1,132,541
Income and expenses	Ψ	1,151,020	Ψ	1,132,311
Depreciation expenses		58,857		62,113
Amortization expenses		25,206		44,154
Expected credit loss		26,965		54,014
Loss on financial assets at FVTPL		1,136		4,931
Finance costs		1,236		1,586
Interest income		(147,821)		(127,169)
Dividend income		(160,844)		(8,359)
Share-based compensation		33,968		-
Share of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method		(1,736)		(1,281)
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		8,337		(5)
Others		(17,215)		(1,970)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Contract assets		1,526		(1,311)
Notes receivable		(263)		(578)
Accounts receivable		28,660		42,922
Other receivables		57,683		(13,369)
Inventories		512		35,069
Other current assets		96,555		(197,457)
Other financial assets		65,918		(190,805)
Contract liabilities		60,256		(74,771)
Notes payable		(4,159)		5,132
Accounts payable		(122,193)		(23,142)
Other payables		(29,248)		(251,818)
Other financial liabilities		(23,640)		15,054
Other current liabilities		(204,464)		332,667
Net defined benefit liabilities		(10,538)		(16,525)
Cash generated from operations Interest received		1,238,720		821,623 123,355
Dividends received		145,832 160,844		8,359
		•		
Interest paid Income tax paid		(1,236) (216,722)		(1,586) (275,125)
nicome tax paid		(210,722)		(273,123)
Net cash generated from operating activities	_	1,327,438	_	676,626
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of financial assets at FVTOCI		_		(9,975)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at FVTOCI		17,136		404,350
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL		3		-
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(15,074)		(17,026)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		38		18
(Increase) decrease in refundable deposits		(952)		1,990
Payments for intangible assets		(16,729)		(23,714)
,		(,·-/		(Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2024	2023
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets Increase in other financial assets	\$ - (1,054,806)	\$ 3 <u>(364,775)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,070,384)	(9,129)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in guarantee deposits received Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities Cash dividends distributed Acquisition of the parent company's shares held by subsidiaries Treasury stock transferred to employees Changes in non-controlling interests	3,197 (35,487) (1,343,393) (59,782) 43,364 (66,873)	2,413 (34,738) (848,882) (92,056) (29,434)
Net cash used in financing activities EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	(1,458,974) 68,217	(1,002,697) (7,356)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,133,703)	(342,556)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>5,154,491</u> <u>\$ 4,020,788</u>	<u>5,497,047</u> <u>\$ 5,154,491</u>
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial st	tatements.	(Concluded)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Soft-World International Corporation (the "Corporation") was incorporated in July 1983, The Corporation is mainly engaged in the digital content point service platforms, production and publication of computer game magazines, commercial advertising services and the retail sale of entertainment products and accessories for game software. The Corporation also acts as an agent for games and commercial software.

The Corporation's shares have been trading on the Taipei Exchange since March 2001.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Corporation's functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Corporation's board of directors on February 26, 2025.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRS Accounting Standards") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the amendments to the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have any material impact on the Group's accounting policies.

b. The IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2025

	Effective Date
	Announced by International
	Accounting Standards Board
New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	(IASB)

Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"

January 1, 2025 (Note)

Note: An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Upon initial application of the amendments to IAS 21, the Group shall not restate the comparative information and shall recognize any effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings or, if applicable, to the cumulative amount of translation differences in equity as well as affected assets or liabilities.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were approved, the Group assessed that the application of the above standards and interpretations would not have a material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

c. The IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note)
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to the	January 1, 2026
Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments"	
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Contracts Referencing	January 1, 2026
Nature-dependent Electricity"	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets	To be determined by IASB
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 -	January 1, 2023
Comparative Information"	
IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"	January 1, 2027
IFRS 19 "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures"	January 1, 2027

Note: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"

IFRS 18 will supersede IAS 1" Presentation of Financial Statements". The main changes comprise:

- Items of income and expenses included in the statement of profit or loss shall be classified into the operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations categories.
- The statement of profit or loss shall present totals and subtotals for operating profit or loss, profit or loss before financing and income taxes and profit or loss.
- Provides guidance to enhance the requirements of aggregation and disaggregation: The Group shall identify the assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows that arise from individual transactions or other events and shall classify and aggregate them into groups based on shared characteristics, so as to result in the presentation in the primary financial statements of line items that have at least one similar characteristic. The Group shall disaggregate items with dissimilar characteristics in the primary financial statements and in the notes. The Group labels items as "other" only if it cannot find a more informative label.
- Disclosures on Management-defined Performance Measures (MPMs): When in public communications outside financial statements and communicating to users of financial statements management's view of an aspect of the financial performance of the Group as a whole, the Group shall disclose related information about its MPMs in a single note to the financial statements, including the description of such measures, calculations, reconciliations to the subtotal or total specified by IFRS Accounting Standards and the income tax and non-controlling interests effects of related reconciliation items.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were approved, the Group is continuously assessing the other impacts of the above amended standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

c. Classification of current and noncurrent assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have the substantial right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Corporation and the entities controlled by the Corporation (i.e., its subsidiaries). Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisitions up to the effective dates of disposals, as appropriate. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those of the Group. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is

attributed to the owners of the Corporation and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the interests of the Group and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Corporation.

For details on the percentages of ownership and main operating activities of the subsidiaries, refer to Note 12, Table 4 and Table 5.

e. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entity in the Group, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value is determined. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income; in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items denominated in a foreign currency that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the functional currencies of the entities in the Group (including subsidiaries and associates operating in other countries that use currencies which are different from the currency of the Corporation) are translated into the presentation currency, the New Taiwan dollar, as follows: Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income (attributed to the owners of the Corporation and non-controlling interests as appropriate).

f. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at weighted-average cost.

g. Investments accounted for using the equity method

The Group uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates. An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence, and which is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture.

Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. The Group also recognizes the changes in the Group's share of the equity of associates.

When the Group subscribes for additional new shares of an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the associate. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus and investments accounted for using the equity method. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to the aforementioned transaction, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate is reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required had the investee directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. When the adjustment should be debited to capital surplus, but the capital surplus recognized from investments accounted for using the equity method is insufficient, the shortage is debited to retained earnings.

The entire carrying amount of an investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When an entity in the Group transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the consolidated financial statements only to the extent that interests in the associate are not related to the Group.

h. Property, plant, and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Land is not depreciated.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant component is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

i. Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Freehold investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method.

For a transfer of classification from property, plant and equipment to investment properties, the deemed cost of the property for subsequent accounting is its carrying amount at the end of owner-occupation.

On derecognition of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Goodwill

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of a business is measured at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment loss.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units (referred to as "cash-generating units") that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired, by comparing its carrying amount, including the attributed goodwill, with its recoverable amount. However, if the goodwill allocated to a cash-generating unit was acquired in a business combination during the current annual period, that unit shall be tested for impairment before the end of the current annual period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then pro rata to the other assets of the unit based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss is recognized directly in profit or loss. Any impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

If goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and the entity disposes of an operation within that unit, the goodwill associated with the operation which is disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal and is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

k. Other intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives, residual values, and amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

1. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment properties and intangible assets (excluding goodwill)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment properties and intangible assets, excluding goodwill, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the corresponding asset, cash-generating unit or assets related to contract costs is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset, cash-generating unit or assets related to contract costs

in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

m. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

a) Measurement categories

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost and investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI.

i Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such financial assets are mandatorily classified or designated as at FVTPL, including investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, and any dividends are recognized in other income; any remeasurement gains or losses on such financial assets are recognized in other gains or losses.

ii Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined by the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset.

Cash equivalents include time deposits within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

iii Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

b) Impairment of financial assets and contract assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable and other receivables) and contract assets.

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for accounts receivable, other receivables and contract assets. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Group determines that the internal or external information show that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors indicate that a financial asset is in default (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group).

The Group recognizes an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

2) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Corporation's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Corporation's own equity instruments.

3) Financial liabilities

a) Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

n. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

The Group estimates sales returns and allowances based on historical experience and different contracts. The Group's customary business practices allow customers to return certain goods. To account for the transfer of products with a right of return, the Group recognizes revenue and at the same time recognizes refund liabilities (classified under other current liabilities) rate and rights to recover a product (classified under other current assets). Refund liabilities are estimated based on the historical average return rate.

1) Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of game points and game magazines, which are sold at the contract price through the online platform or different retailers (e.g. brick-and-mortar stores and convenience stores etc.). When game points and game magazines, etc. are transferred to the customer, the customer has the right to use, and assumes the risk of ownership of the goods. The Group recognizes the related revenue and accounts receivable at the point of time the goods are transferred. Advance receipts from selling of merchandise are recognized as contract liabilities.

2) Revenue from the operation of games

Refers to the revenue from operation of games redeemed by the consumers via the online platform (generally known as "virtual goods"), where revenue is recognized over time as the virtual goods are consumed or over the estimated usable period of the goods. If the sales obligations have not been fulfilled, the revenue should be deferred, and recognized as contract liabilities.

3) Revenue from the rendering of services

a) The exclusive card ("MyCard") issued by the Group provides game operators an online platform and services to sell game points directly to the consumers through the MyCard network or other distributors (e.g., convenience stores, supermarkets and telecommunication companies). Sales of MyCard is recognized as "Other financial liabilities - noncurrent". When the consumers use MyCard in exchange for specified goods or service via the online platform, the Group recognizes service revenue for the net amount after deducting receipts needed to be transferred to the related game operators.

b) Fee income from electronic payments and third-party payments is obtained from providing services to customers on online cash flow platforms and is recognized as revenue when cash has been received and the performance obligation has been mostly completed.

c) Other revenue from the rendering of services

For other services - advertising design and exhibition marketing projects, etc., revenue is recognized when the project has been completed and transferred to the customer. Advance receipts of services are recognized as contract liabilities.

For other services - art designing projects, etc., the Group measures revenue by the percentage of completion determined on the basis of the proportion of the number of working hours incurred for work performed to date to the estimated total number of working hours, while revenue and contract assets are recognized and are reclassified to accounts receivable at the point the customer is invoiced.

4) Licensing revenue

The Group authorizes other game developers to have access to some intellectual property rights of games for cooperation and development. The non-refundable premiums collected at the time of signing of contracts are recognized as revenue at the date the license is granted when meeting certain criteria which means providing a customer the right to use the intellectual property; subsequent follow-up fees based on the customers' sales are recognized when the sales of the customer occur.

o. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

1) The Group as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Lease payments from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

2) The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily

determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

p. Employee benefits

1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liabilities (assets) represent the actual deficit (surplus) in the Group's defined benefit plan. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

q. Share-based payment arrangements

Employee share options granted to employees

The fair value at the grant date of the employee share options is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's best estimates of the number of shares or options that are expected to ultimately vest, with a corresponding increase in capital surplus or non-controlling interests. It is recognized as an expense in full at the grant date if vested immediately. The grant date of treasury shares transferred to employees is the date on which the board of directors approve the transactions.

r. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

Income tax payable (recoverable) is based on taxable profit (loss) for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences and loss carryforwards to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences and loss carryforwards can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current and deferred taxes for the year

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

When developing material accounting estimates, the Group considers the possible impact of the economic environment implications when making its material accounting estimates on cash flow projection, growth rates, discount rates, and profitability, etc. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

a. Assessment of goodwill from business combinations

Determining whether goodwill from the subsidiary, Neweb Technologies, is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill has been allocated. The calculation of the value in use requires management to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating units and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

b. Income taxes

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets in relation to unused tax losses and temporary differences were \$285,481 thousand and \$301,161 thousand, respectively. The realizability of deferred tax assets mainly depends on whether sufficient future profit or taxable temporary differences will be available. In cases where the actual future profit generated is more than expected, material deferred tax assets may be realized in profit or loss for the period.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Cash on hand	\$ 1,239	\$ 1,293	
Bank deposits Cash equivalents	2,648,396	2,957,234	
Time deposits with original maturities of less than 3 months	1,371,153	2,195,964	
	\$ 4,020,788	<u>\$ 5,154,491</u>	

7. NOTES RECEIVABLE, ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, OTHER RECEIVABLES, AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Notes receivable				
Operating	<u>\$ 841</u>	<u>\$ 578</u>		
Accounts receivable				
At amortized cost				
Gross carrying amount	\$ 285,857	\$ 314,636		
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	(4,356)	(851)		
	<u>\$ 281,501</u>	<u>\$ 313,785</u>		
Other receivables				
Gross carrying amount	\$ 1,623,708	\$ 1,690,916		
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	(30,483)	(36,723)		
	<u>\$ 1,593,225</u>	\$ 1,654,193		
		(Continued)		

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Receivables for agency transactions (classified under other current assets) Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 645,883 (110,231)	\$ 778,837 (91,368)	
	<u>\$ 535,652</u>	\$ 687,469 (Concluded)	

a. Notes receivable

At the end of the reporting period, there were no past due notes receivable.

b. Accounts receivable

The main credit period is 30 to 90 days. The Group adopted a policy of only dealing with entities that have good credit ratings, and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group uses other publicly available financial information or its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved.

The Group measures the loss allowance for accounts receivable at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on accounts receivable are estimated by reference to the past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, economic condition of the industry in which the customer operates, as well as the GDP forecasts and industry outlook. The loss allowance is further distinguished according to the Group's different customer segments based on the aging of accounts receivable or past due status.

The Group writes off an account receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation, or when the accounts receivable are past due. For accounts receivable that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following table details the aging analysis and the loss allowance of accounts receivable:

December 31, 2024

	Up to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 to 365 Days	More than 1 year	Total
Customer segment A					
Expect credit loss rate (%)	-	0-3	15-30	100	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	\$ 233,083 (3,554)	\$ 5,158 (20)	\$ 3,054 (18)	\$ 536 (536)	\$ 241,831 (4,128)
Amortized cost	\$ 229,529	\$ 5,138	\$ 3,036	\$ -	<u>\$ 237,703</u>

	Not past due	Past due 1-90 Day)	Past due 181-270 Days	Past due Over 270 Days	Total
Customer segment B							
Expect credit loss rate (%)	0-3	0-7	0-10		0-50	0-100	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (lifetime ECLs)	\$ 43,951 (200)	\$ 4	7 \$ <u>-</u>	- <u>-</u>	\$ - 	\$ 28 (28)	\$ 44,026 (228)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 43,751</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u> </u>	_	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 43,798</u>
December 31, 2023							
	Up to	90 Days 91	to 180 Days		1 to 365 Days	More than 1 year	Total
Customer segment A							
Expect credit loss rate (%)		-	0-3		15-30	100	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	\$ 2	76,547	233	\$	584 (550)	\$ 52 (52)	\$ 277,416 (602)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 2</u> 2	76,547 §	<u>3 233</u>	\$	34	<u>\$</u>	\$ 276,814
	Not past due	Past due)	Past due 181-270 Days	Past due Over 270 Days	Total
Customer segment B							
Expect credit loss rate (%)	0-3	0-7	0-10		0-50	0-100	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (lifetime ECLs)	\$ 36,291 (234)	\$ 903	3 \$ <u>-</u>	- <u>-</u>	\$ 1 	\$ 25 (15)	\$ 37,220 (249)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 36,057</u>	<u>\$ 903</u>	<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 10</u>	\$ 36,971

c. Other receivables

The Group's other receivables are mainly receipts under custody of cooperative channels from the sale of the Corporation's exclusive card (MyCard). The Corporation sold MyCard to customers via cooperative channels, and the main credit period of receivables from channels was 30 to 120 days.

The following table details the aging analysis and the loss allowance of other receivables:

December 31, 2024

December 31, 2024	Up to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 to 365 Days	More than 1 year	Total
Customer segment A					
Expect credit loss rate (%)	-	0-3	15-30	0-100	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	\$ 1,516,960	\$ 58,789 (1,156)	\$ 21,346 (12,789)	\$ - -	\$ 1,597,095 (13,945)
Amortized cost	<u>\$1,516,960</u>	<u>\$ 57,633</u>	<u>\$ 8,557</u>	\$ -	\$1,583,150

	Not past due	Past due 1-90 Days	Past due 91-180 Days	Past due 181-270 Days	Past due Over 270 Days	Customers With Signs of Default	Total
Customer segment B							
Expect credit loss rate (%)	-	-	-	-	0-100	100	
Gross carrying amount	\$ 10,075	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 577	\$ 15,961	\$ 26,613
Loss allowance (lifetime ECLs)					(577)	(15,961)	(16,538)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 10,075</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 10,075</u>
December 31, 2023							
		Up to 90 Days	s 91 to 180 I	181 to Days Da		ore than 1 year	Total
Customer segmen	t A						
Expect credit loss rate (%)		-	0-3	15-	-30	0-100	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime E	CLs)	\$ 1,587,379 	\$ 50,9 (1,5		9,551 \$ 0,755)	8,663 (8,663)	\$ 1,666,570 (20,971)
Amortized cost		\$1,587,379	\$ 49,4	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,796</u> <u>\$</u>		§ 1,645,599
	Not past due	Past due 1-90 Days	Past due 91-180 Days	Past due 181-270 Days	Past due Over 270 Days	Customers With Signs of Default	Total
Customer segment B							

d. Other current assets

ECLs)

Amortized cost

Expect credit loss rate (%)

\$ 8,594

\$ 8,594

Gross carrying amount

Loss allowance (lifetime

The Group's receivables for agency transactions from operating third-party payments are usually received within 1 to 10 days. The Group assesses the receivables on a case-by-case basis and recognizes impairment losses when there is a higher probability of non-collection or loss due to consumer disputes or disputes related to the payments received, counterfeiting or fraud incidents.

0-100

(577)

100

\$ 15,175

(15,175)

\$ 24,346

(15,752)

\$ 8,594

e. The movements of the loss allowance of accounts receivable, other receivables and other current assets were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2024							
	_	counts ceivable		Other ceivables		er Current Assets		Total
Balance on January 1 Recognition Amounts written off	\$	851 3,615 (119)	\$	36,723 4,487 (11,514)	\$	91,368 18,863		128,942 26,965 (11,633) (Continued)

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2024						
	Accounts Receivable	Other Receivables	Other Current Assets	Total			
Effect of foreign exchange differences	<u>\$</u> 9	<u>\$ 787</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 796</u>			
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ 4,356</u>	\$ 30,483	<u>\$ 110,231</u>	\$ 145,070 (Concluded)			

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2023						
	Accounts Receivable	Other Receivables	Other Current Assets	Total			
Balance on January 1 Recognition (reversal) Amounts written off Effect of foreign exchange	\$ 3,490 653 (3,289)	\$ 59,440 (2,345) (20,112)	\$ 34,909 56,577 (118)	\$ 97,839 54,885 (23,519)			
differences	(3)	(260)		(263)			
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ 851</u>	\$ 36,723	<u>\$ 91,368</u>	\$ 128,942			

8. INVENTORIES

	Decem	ber 31
	2024	2023
Merchandise	<u>\$ 46,993</u>	\$ 28,631

9. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Pledged demand deposits (Note 31) Pledged time deposits (Note 31) Restricted trust deposits Restricted bank deposits Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months	\$ 5,196 140,000 1,926,829 53,593 6,365,718	\$ 3,469 66,000 2,067,216 53,124 	
	<u>\$ 8,491,336</u>	<u>\$ 7,502,448</u>	
Current Noncurrent	\$ 7,888,121 603,215	\$ 7,102,790 399,658	
	<u>\$ 8,491,336</u>	<u>\$ 7,502,448</u>	
Maturity dates Interest rates intervals (%)	2025.01-2027.12 0.665-3.85	2024.01-2026.10 0.54-3.85	

The Group's proxy receipts from third-party and electronic payments and stored-values received are deposited in a dedicated bank account as a trust account that was included in "Other financial assets - restricted trust deposits".

10. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL - NONCURRENT

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL			
Foreign listed shares	<u>\$ 4,005</u>	<u>\$ 5,144</u>	

11. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTOCI - NONCURRENT

	December 31			
	2024	2023		
Listed shares Domestic and foreign unlisted shares	\$ 3,140,360 144,015	\$ 249,821 137,921		
	<u>\$ 3,284,375</u>	<u>\$ 387,742</u>		

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group disposed of certain shares amounting to \$17,136 thousand and \$404,350 thousand, respectively; therefore, the unrealized gains on financial assets, FVTOCI amounting to \$13,452 thousand and \$307,442 thousand, respectively, were transferred to retained earnings.

The Corporation issued new shares in January 2024 to acquire 62,920 thousand shares of Gloria Material Technology Corp., representing 10.44% of its shareholding. Refer to Note 23.

12. SUBSIDIARIES

a. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements

The subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

			Proportion of O			
Investor	Investee	Nature of Activities	2024	2023	Remark	
The Corporation	Chinese Gamer International Corporation (Chinese Gamer)	Online game service	48	48	Note 1	
	Soft-World Technology Pte. Ltd. (Soft-World (Singapore))	Trading of game software	100	100		
	Gameflier International Corporation (Game Flier)	Online game service	98	98		
	Global Concept Corporation (Global Concept)	Investment related business	100	100		
	Game First International Corporation (Game First)	Online game service	70	70		
	Zealot Digital International Corporation (Zealot Digital)	Development and sales of game software	99	99		
	Softworld (Hong Kong) International Co., (Soft-World (Hong Kong))	Trading of game software	100	100		
	Dynasty International Information Co., Ltd. (Dynasty)	Design, development and trading of computer software	86	86		
	Intelligent Dragon Venture Capital Corporation (Intelligent Dragon)	Investment related business	13	13		
	Interactive Entertainment Technology Co., Ltd. (Interactive Entertainment)	Investment related business	-	-	Note 2	
	Fast Distributed Cloud Computing (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. (Fast Distributed Cloud)	Retail, wholesale and service of information software	90	90		
				((Continued)	

(Continued)

			Proportion of O	=	
Investor	Investee	Nature of Activities	2024	2023	Remark
	Neweb Technologies Co., Ltd. (Neweb Technologies)	Information software wholesale and retail and electronic data supply services	50	50	
	Efun International Corporation (Efun)	Information software and data	80	80	
	Lung Hsiang Investment Co., Ltd. (Lung Hsiang Investment)	processing services Investment related business	44	44	
	Celad International Corp. (CELAD)	Online game service	32	32	
	We Can Financial Technology Co., Ltd. (We Can)	Development of financial system and equipment, etc.	51	51	
Chinese Gamer	Taichigamer (B.V.I.) Co., Ltd. (Taichigamer)	Investment related business	100	100	
	Walkfun International Corporation (Walkfun)	Network authentication, data processing services and electronic information providing services	100	100	
	Celad International Corp.	Online game service	68	68	
	(CELAD) Super Game Corporation (Super Game)	Online game service	88	88	
	Intelligent Dragon Venture Capital Corporation (Intelligent Dragon)	Investment related business	13	13	
	Star Diamond Universal Corporation(BVI) (Star Diamond)	Investment related business	100	100	
	FunBear International Corp. (FunBear)	Online game service	100	100	
	GameTopia Co., Ltd. (Game Topia)	Online game service	65	65	
	Oriental Dragon Digital Co., Ltd. (Oriental Dragon)	Online game service	100	100	
	Lung Hsiang Investment Co., Ltd. (Lung Hsiang Investment)	Investment related business	30	30	
Taichigamer	Transasiagamer Co., Ltd. (Transasiagamer)	Investment related business	100	100	
Transasiagamer	Yulon Online (Beijing) Technologies Co., Ltd. (Yulon		100	100	
Star Diamond	Beijing Online) Dragon Gamer (Hong Kong) Co., Limited (Dragon Gamer)	Online game service Online game service	100	100	
Game Topia	GameTopia (Hong Kong) Co., Limited. (Game Topia Hong Kong)	Information service industry	100	100	
Global Concept	Value Central Corporation (Value Central)	Investment related business	100	100	
	Gamers Grande Corporation (Gamers Grande)	Investment related business	100	100	
Value Central	Picked United Development Limited (Picked United Development)	Acquisition and authorization of game software	100	100	
Gamers Grande	Gameflier International (Beijing) Corporation (Beijing Game Flier)	Information processing and supply services	100	100	
Game First	Compete! Games Interactive Entertainment Corporation (Compete! Games Interactive Entertainment)	Agent and operation of sports type of games	100	100	
Interactive Entertainment	Interactive Entertainment Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. (Interactive Entertainment)	Wholesale and service of information software	-	-	Note 2
Neweb Technologies	ezPay Co., Ltd. (ezPay) CS Technology Co., Ltd. (CService)	Third party payment service Information software	100 100	100 100	
Efun International Corporation	Re: Ad Media (Taiwan)	General advertising service	100	100	
Lung Hsiang Investment	Corporation (Re: Ad) Intelligent Dragon Venture Capital Corporation (Intelligent	Investment related business	74	74	
	Dragon)			(C	oneludad

(Concluded)

- 1) A subsidiary with material non-controlling interests, listed on the mainboard of the Taipei Exchange. Since the Corporation can direct the company's relevant activities due to its holding of an absolute majority of the company's voting rights, the company is recognized as a subsidiary.
- 2) Completed liquidation procedures in 2023.

b. Details of subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

		Proportion of C Voting Rigi	_		
		Non-controllin	g Interests (%)		
		December 31			
Name of Subsid	liary	2024	2023		
Chinese Gamer		52	52		

For information on the main operating locations and countries of incorporation of the subsidiaries, refer to Table 4 and 5.

		located to ling Interests					
	For the Year Ended December 31		Non-controlling Interests				
			Decem	iber 31			
Name of Subsidiary	2024	2023	2024	2023			
Chinese Gamer	<u>\$ 36,212</u>	<u>\$ 339</u>	<u>\$ 623,689</u>	<u>\$ 573,819</u>			

The summarized financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

Chinese Gamer and its subsidiaries

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Current assets Noncurrent assets Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 741,333 683,681 (91,184) (2,783)	\$ 845,286 490,142 (102,199) (3,636)	
Equity	<u>\$ 1,331,047</u>	\$ 1,229,593	
Equity attributable to: The Corporation Non-controlling interests of Chinese Gamer International Corporation Non-controlling interests of Chinese Gamer International Corporation's subsidiaries	\$ 672,629 623,689 34,729 \$ 1,331,047 For the Year End 2024	\$ 626,463 573,819 29,311 \$ 1,229,593 led December 31 2023	
Revenue	<u>\$ 427,558</u>	<u>\$ 343,723</u>	
Profit for the year Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year	\$ 74,584 25,621	\$ 1,041 (1,458)	
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the year	<u>\$ 100,205</u>	<u>\$ (417)</u>	
		(Continued)	

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Profit attributable to: The Corporation Non-controlling interests of Chinese Gamer International Corporation Non-controlling interests of Chinese Gamer International Corporation's subsidiaries	\$ 34,007 36,212 4,365 \$ 74,584	\$ 320 339 382 \$ 1,041	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: The Corporation Non-controlling interests of Chinese Gamer International Corporation Non-controlling interests of Chinese Gamer International Corporation's subsidiaries	\$ 45,672 48,618 5,915 \$ 100,205	\$ (354) (391) 328 \$ (417)	
Cash flow Operating activities Investing activities Financing activities	\$ 56,381 (5,188) (11,533)	\$ (32,318) 25,321 (11,466)	
Net cash inflow (outflow)	<u>\$ 39,660</u>	\$ (18,463) (Concluded)	

13. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	Decem	iber 31
	2024	2023
Investments in associates - not individually material	<u>\$ 39,682</u>	\$ 39,605

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material:

	For the Year End	ded December 31
	2024	2023
The Group's share of:		
Total profit and other comprehensive income for the year	<u>\$ 1,736</u>	<u>\$ 1,281</u>

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

For the year ended December 31, 2024

		Land	В	uildings	Ec	uipment	ellaneous uipment	(Others		Total
Cost	_										
Balance on January 1, 2024 Additions	\$	215,321	\$	195,514	\$	204,628 8,362	\$ 17,169 6,914	\$	22,403	\$ (Cc	655,035 15,276 ontinued)

	Land	Buildings	Equipment	Miscellaneous Equipment	Others	Total
Disposals Transfers to investment properties Effect of foreign currency exchange	\$ -	\$ - (11,478)	\$ (108,285)	\$ (9,365)	\$ (343)	\$ (117,993) (11,478)
differences		764	3,133	55	266	4,218
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$ 215,321	<u>\$ 184,800</u>	<u>\$ 107,838</u>	<u>\$ 14,773</u>	<u>\$ 22,326</u>	\$ 545,058
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance on January 1, 2024 Disposals Depreciation expense Transfers to investment properties Effect of foreign currency exchange	\$ - - -	\$ 81,862 4,582 (3,299)	\$ 179,016 (99,921) 10,285	\$ 12,592 (9,354) 4,421	\$ 19,272 (343) 1,071	\$ 292,742 (109,618) 20,359 (3,299)
differences		553	2,910	50	251	3,764
Balance on December 31, 2024	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 83,698	<u>\$ 92,290</u>	\$ 7,709	<u>\$ 20,251</u>	\$ 203,948
Carrying amounts on December 31, 2024	\$ 215,321	<u>\$ 101,102</u>	<u>\$ 15,548</u>	\$ 7,064	\$ 2,075	\$ 341,110 (Concluded)

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Land		Bı	ıildings	Eq	uipment	cellaneous uipment	(Others		Total
Cost											
Balance on January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals	\$ 215,33	21 S	\$	195,788	\$	197,661 15,840 (6,920)	\$ 32,643 1,775 (17,219)	\$	22,589 295 (449)	\$	664,002 17,910 (24,588)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences		<u>-</u> .		(274)	_	(1,953)	 (30)		(32)	_	(2,289)
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$ 215,32	21 5	\$	195,514	\$	204,628	\$ 17,169	\$	22,403	\$	655,035
Accumulated depreciation											
Balance on January 1, 2023 Disposals Depreciation expense Effect of foreign currency exchange	\$	- (- -	\$	77,176 - 4,898	\$	178,008 (6,908) 9,711	\$ 22,754 (17,216) 7,093	\$	18,053 (447) 1,696	\$	295,991 (24,571) 23,398
differences		<u> </u>		(212)	_	(1,795)	 (39)		(30)	_	(2,076)
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$	<u> </u>	\$	81,862	\$	179,016	\$ 12,592	\$	19,272	\$	292,742
Carrying amounts on December 31, 2023	\$ 215,3	21 5	\$	113,652	\$	25,612	\$ 4,577	\$	3,131	\$	362,293

a. The reconciliation of additions to property, plant and equipment and the cash payments stated in the statements of cash flows is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2024	2023		
Additions to property, plant and equipment Decrease in prepayments for equipment Increase in payables for equipment	\$ 15,276 (202)	\$ 17,910 (884)		
Cash payments	<u>\$ 15,074</u>	<u>\$ 17,026</u>		

b. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives as follows:

Buildings	
Main buildings	20-55 years
Equipment	3-6 years
Miscellaneous Equipment	3-5 years
Others	3-6 years

c. For the amount of property, plant and equipment that the Group pledged or mortgaged as collateral, refer to Note 31.

15. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

b.

	Decem	iber 31
	2024	2023
Carrying amount Buildings	<u>\$ 47,614</u>	<u>\$ 45,659</u>
		ded December 31
	2024	2023
Additions to right-of-use assets	\$ 37,332	<u>\$ 24,655</u>
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Buildings	<u>\$ 35,436</u>	<u>\$ 35,135</u>
Lease liabilities		
	Decem	ıber 31
	2024	2023
Carrying amount Current Noncurrent	\$ 26,923 \$ 21,370	\$ 29,045 \$ 17,403
Range of discount rates (%) for lease liabilities were as follows:		
	Decen	ıber 31
	2024	2023
Buildings	2.02-6.59	1.98-3.089

c. Material leasing activities and terms

The Group leases buildings with lease terms which will expire before May 2029 in a row. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the buildings at the expiry of the lease term.

d. Other lease information

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$ 6,240 \$ 203	\$ 9,427 \$ 670	
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases Total cash outflow for leases	\$ 293 \$ 43,249	\$ 679 \$ 46,377	

The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption for leases which qualify as short-term leases and low-value asset leases and thus did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Buildings
Cost	
Balance on January 1, 2024 Transferred from property, plant and equipment Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 106,040 11,478
Balance on December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 122,901</u>
Accumulated depreciation	
Balance on January 1, 2024 Depreciation expenses Transferred from property, plant and equipment Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 70,794 3,062 3,299 3,635
Balance on December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 80,790</u>
Carrying amount on December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 42,111</u>
For the year ended December 31, 2023	
	Buildings
Cost	
Balance on January 1, 2023 Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 107,292 (1,252)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 106,040</u>
	(Continued)

	Buildings
Accumulated depreciation	
Balance on January 1, 2023 Depreciation expenses Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 68,067 3,580 (853)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 70,794</u>
Carrying amount on December 31, 2023	\$ 35,246 (Concluded)

The investment properties were leased out for 1 to 5 years. The lessees do not have bargain purchase options to acquire the investment properties but have extension options under the same terms at the expiry of the lease periods.

The maturity analysis of lease payments receivable under operating leases of the investment properties was as follows:

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Year 1	\$ 20,427	\$ 21,547
Year 2	13,711	6,908
Year 3	7,427	2,807
Year 4	4,060	-
Year 5	<u>2,706</u>	
	<u>\$ 48,331</u>	\$ 31,262

Investment properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives of 20 to 40 years.

The fair values of investment properties as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$598,000 thousand and \$540,000 thousand, respectively, which were assessed by the Group's management based on the market prices of similar properties in the vicinity.

17. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Computer Software	Copyright and Royalty for Game Software	Total
Cost			
Balance on January 1, 2024 Additions Write-off Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 24,696 12,335 (11,869) 40	\$ 46,015 4,594 (28,569)	\$ 70,711 16,929 (40,438) <u>40</u>
Balance on December 31, 2024	\$ 25,202	\$ 22,040	\$ 47,242 (Continued)

	Computer Software	Copyright and Royalty for Game Software	Total
Accumulated amortization			
Balance on January 1, 2024 Amortization expenses Write-off Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 9,608 15,507 (11,869) 40	\$ 34,554 9,699 (28,569)	\$ 44,162 25,206 (40,438) 40
Balance on December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 13,286</u>	<u>\$ 15,684</u>	\$ 28,970
Carrying amount on December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 11,916</u>	<u>\$ 6,356</u>	\$ 18,272 (Concluded)
For the year ended December 31, 2023			
	Computer Software	Copyright and Royalty for Game Software	Total
Cost			
Balance on January 1, 2023 Additions Write-off Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 20,585 19,057 (14,924) (22)	\$ 58,952 4,657 (17,594)	\$ 79,537 23,714 (32,518) (22)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 24,696</u>	<u>\$ 46,015</u>	<u>\$ 70,711</u>
Accumulated amortization			
Balance on January 1, 2023 Amortization expenses Write-off Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 11,419 13,135 (14,924) (22)	\$ 21,126 31,019 (17,591)	\$ 32,545 44,154 (32,515) (22)
Balance on December 31, 2023	\$ 9,608	<u>\$ 34,554</u>	<u>\$ 44,162</u>
Carrying amount on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 15,088</u>	<u>\$ 11,461</u>	\$ 26,549

The Group's intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

Computer software	1-10 years
Copyright and royalty for game software	1-3 years

18. NOTES PAYABLE AND ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

The Group's notes payable and accounts payable are generated from operating activities. The average credit period on purchases of goods and services is around 30 to 90 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit terms, and therefore no interest was charged on the outstanding balance.

19. OTHER PAYABLES

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Payables for receipts under custody	\$ 3,460,462	\$ 3,498,160
Payables for salaries	217,492	204,200
Payables for circulation	119,649	122,676
Payables for compensation of employees, and board of directors	92,542	68,776
Payables for royalty	8,345	27,834
Others	185,746	191,419
	<u>\$ 4,084,236</u>	<u>\$ 4,113,065</u>

Payables for receipts under custody are receipts from MyCard online platform service and points sales provided by the Group, which should be transferred to the game operators.

20. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - CURRENT

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Temporary receipts from the sale of MyCard	<u>\$ 792,240</u>	<u>\$ 815,880</u>

21. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Payables for agency transactions Others	\$ 2,622,469 71,984	\$ 2,855,479 43,438
	<u>\$ 2,694,453</u>	\$ 2,898,917

The Group's payables for agency transactions are the proxy receipts from third-party and electronic payments and stored values received, and the uncollected amounts from users are classified under other current liabilities.

22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The Corporation and its domestic subsidiaries adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (the LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, the Group makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

Foreign subsidiaries in the Group are required to make contributions to the central provident fund of the country of operations and retirement insurance for being a part of the state-managed retirement benefit plan. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit plan is to make the specified contributions.

b. Defined benefit plan

The defined benefit plans adopted by the Corporation and its domestic subsidiaries are in accordance with the Labor Standards Act of the ROC. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the 6 months before retirement. The Corporation and domestic subsidiaries of the Group contribute amounts equal to 2% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund which is deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the name of and administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Before the end of each year, the Group assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Group is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor ("the Bureau"); the Group has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheets in respect of the Group's defined benefit plans were as follows:

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Present value of defined benefit obligation	\$ 146,445	\$ 152,335
Fair value of plan assets	<u>(159,765</u>)	(138,670)
Deficit	(13,320)	13,665
Net defined benefit assets	40,104	28,801
Other payables	(133)	<u>(116</u>)
Net defined benefit liabilities	<u>\$ 26,651</u>	<u>\$ 42,350</u>

Movements of the net defined benefit liabilities were as follows:

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liabilities
Balance on January 1, 2023	<u>\$ 151,657</u>	<u>\$ (121,028)</u>	\$ 30,629
Service cost Current service cost Prior service cost Interest expense (income) Recognized in profit or loss	766 (947) 2,276 2,095	- - (1,977) (1,977)	766 (947) 299 118
Remeasurement Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest) Actuarial loss - changes in financial assumptions Actuarial gain - experience adjustments Recognized in other comprehensive income	3,745 (3,486) 259	(698) - - (698)	(698) 3,745 (3,486) (439)
Contributions from the employer	-	(16,643)	(16,643)

(Continued)

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liabilities
Benefits paid	<u>\$ (1,676)</u>	<u>\$ 1,676</u>	<u>\$</u>
Balance on December 31, 2023	152,335	(138,670)	13,665
Service cost Current service cost Interest expense (income) Recognized in profit or loss	804 1,915 2,719	(1,876) (1,876)	804 39 843
Remeasurement Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest) Actuarial gain - changes in financial assumptions Actuarial gain - experience adjustments Recognized in other comprehensive income	(4,286) (188) (4,474)	(11,973) - - (11,973)	(11,973) (4,286) (188) (16,447)
Contributions from the employer		(11,381)	(11,381)
Benefits paid	(4,135)	4,135	<u> </u>
Balance on December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 146,445</u>	<u>\$ (159,765</u>)	\$ (13,320) (Concluded)

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Act, the Group is exposed to the following risks:

1) Investment risk

The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities and bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.

2) Interest risk

A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plans' debt investments.

3) Salary risk

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Discount rate(s)	1.50-1.625	1.25-1.50
Expected rate(s) of salary increase	2.000-3.000	2.250-3.000

If possible reasonable changes in each of the significant actuarial assumptions will occur and all other assumptions will remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase (decrease) as follows:

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Discount rate(s)		
Increase 0.25%	\$ (3,421)	\$ (4,450)
Decrease 0.25%	\$ 3,035	\$ 2,831
Expected rate(s) of salary increase/decrease		
Increase 0.25%	<u>\$ 2,938</u>	\$ 2,711
Decrease 0.25%	\$ (3,343)	\$ (4,353)

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that changes in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Expected contributions to the plans for the next year	<u>\$ 2,506</u>	<u>\$ 9,872</u>
Average duration of the defined benefit obligation (in years)	6.96-19.78	7.80-20.50

23. EQUITY

a. Ordinary share capital

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	300,000	200,000
Shares authorized	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 2,000,000
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	156,074	127,474
Shares issued	\$ 1,560,743	\$ 1,274,743

The Corporation's board of directors approved the issuance of new shares to be used as the consideration for the acquisition of shares of Gloria Material Technology Corp. by a resolution on December 21, 2023. The swap ratio for this transaction was 2.2 ordinary shares of Gloria Material Technology Corp. in exchange for 1 ordinary share of the Corporation. The Corporation issued a total of 28,600 thousand shares, through which the Corporation acquired 62,920 thousand shares of Gloria Material Technology Corp. The share swap was filed with the competent authority and became effective with January 31, 2024 set as the base date for this share swap. The change of registration was subsequently completed.

The Corporation's annual shareholders' held meeting on June 24, 2024 resolved to increase the authorized share capital to \$3,000,000 thousand, and the registration for the above-mentioned change of authorized share capital has been completed.

Fully paid ordinary shares, which have a par value of \$10, carry one vote per share and the right to dividends.

b. Capital surplus

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
May be used to offset deficits, distributed as			
cash dividends or transferred to share capital (Note)	_		
Issuance of ordinary shares	\$ 3,627,723	\$ 1,229,758	
Conversion of bonds	245,975	245,975	
Treasury share transactions	273,760	183,693	
Difference between the consideration and carrying amount of	·	•	
subsidiaries acquired or disposed	59,180	59,180	
May be used to offset deficits only	_		
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries	157,276	156,844	
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in associates	6,955	6,955	
Unclaimed dividends	90	90	
	\$ 4,370,959	\$ 1,882,495	

Note: Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Corporation has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Corporation's capital surplus and to once a year).

c. Retained earnings and dividends policy

The Corporation's Articles of Incorporation (the "Articles") provide that, earnings distribution or offsetting of losses should be made on a quarterly basis after the close of each quarter. Where the Corporation made a profit in each quarter, the Corporation shall first estimate and reserve for the taxes to be paid, offset losses, estimate and reserve for the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors, set aside for legal reserve 10% of the remaining earnings, until the legal reserve equals the Corporation's share capital, then set aside or reverse a special reserve in accordance with the laws or regulations. Any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Corporation's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved by the board of directors if distributed by way of cash dividend or should be approved in the shareholders' meeting if distributed by way of stock dividend.

Where the Corporation made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, set aside as a legal reserve 10% of the remaining earnings until the legal reserve equals the Corporation's share capital, setting aside or reverse a special reserve in accordance with the laws or regulations or depending on the demand by the Corporation. Any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Corporation's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of stock dividends and bonuses to shareholders.

As stipulated in the Articles, the board of directors is authorized under Article 240 of the Company Act to resolve the distribution of dividends and bonuses in cash or under Article 241 of the Company Act to

resolve the distribution as dividends and bonuses in whole or in part of the legal reserve and capital surplus, and a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders in their meeting.

The dividends policy of the Corporation considers expanding the scale of operations and developing research plans, based on the overall environment and the features of the industry in order to pursue sustainable operations and long-term benefits for shareholders. The dividends to shareholders shall be not less than 15% of the distributable earnings each year, but if the accumulated distributable earnings are less than 25% of the Corporation's paid-in capital, the Corporation should not make an appropriation for dividends. The dividends to shareholders can be paid in cash or issued as shares, but cash dividends shall be not less than 10% of the total dividends.

The legal reserve may be used to offset a deficit. If the Corporation has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Corporation's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

The appropriations of earnings for 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings		Dividends Per Share (NTS	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Legal reserve Special reserve (reversal) Cash dividends	\$ 116,693 (21,799) 1,088,593	\$ 85,210 21,799 888,393	\$ 7.00	<u>\$ 7.00</u>
	<u>\$ 1,183,487</u>	<u>\$ 995,402</u>		

The above appropriations for cash dividends and the distribution of \$311,027 thousand in cash from capital surplus at \$2 per share for 2023 were resolved by the Corporation's board of directors on March 6, 2024 and March 15, 2023, respectively; the other proposed appropriations were resolved by the shareholders' meetings held on June 24, 2024 and June 26, 2023, respectively.

The appropriations of earnings for 2024 were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings	Dividends Per Share (NT\$)
Legal reserve Cash dividends	\$ 116,291 	<u>\$ 7.50</u>
	\$ 1,286,849	

The above appropriations for cash dividends were resolved by the Corporation's board of directors on February 26, 2025, and the other proposed appropriations will be resolved by the shareholders' meeting held in June 2025.

d. Special reserve

Upon initial application of IFRS Accounting Standards, the amount of cumulative translation adjustments transferred to retained earnings was \$25,117 thousand, and the Corporation had set aside an equal amount of special reserve. In June 2023, the shareholders held a meeting and resolved to set aside a special reserve of \$21,799 thousand for the difference between the market value of the parent company's stock held by subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022 and its carrying amount, based on the Corporation's consolidated percentage of ownership. The shareholders' meeting held in June 2024 resolved to reserve \$21,799 thousand for the recovery of the market value.

e. Other equity items

1) Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ (24,882)	\$ (19,578)
Recognized for the year		
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	58,292	(6,315)
Related income tax arising from exchange differences	(9,809)	1,011
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 23,601</u>	<u>\$ (24,882)</u>

2) Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTOCI

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 197,755	\$ 251,201	
Recognized for the year Unrealized (loss) gain - equity instruments	(78,762)	253,996	
Cumulative unrealized gain of equity instruments transferred earnings due to disposal	(13,452)	(307,442)	
Balance, end of year	\$ 105,541	<u>\$ 197,755</u>	

f. Non-controlling interests

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,180,936	\$ 1,206,342
Share in profit for the year	98,634	35,055
Other comprehensive income for the year		
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of		
foreign operations	11,390	(1,399)
Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTOCI	(2,461)	4,969
Actuarial gain on defined benefit plans	3,130	692
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries	(9,866)	(7,668)
Shares held by the subsidiaries considered as treasury shares	(22,426)	(34,533)
Employees of subsidiaries exercise share options	2,003	863
Proceeds from capital reduction	(59,538)	-
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	(4,000)
Decrease in non-controlling interests	_	(19,385)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 1,201,802</u>	<u>\$ 1,180,936</u>

g. Treasury shares

	Thousand Shares		Decem	ber 31	
	Beginning			Thousand	Book
Purpose of Treasury Shares	of the Year	Addition	Reduction	Shares	Value
For the year ended December 31, 2024					
Shares of the Corporation held by subsidiaries Transfer shares to employees	6.002 561	<u>244</u>	<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>561</u>	6.246	\$ 567.008 \$ -
For the year ended December 31, 2023					
Shares of the Corporation held by subsidiaries	5,645	357	<u>-</u>	<u>6,002</u>	\$ 529,748
Transfer shares to employees	<u>561</u>			<u>561</u>	<u>\$ 43,492</u>

The Corporation's board of directors resolved transferred 561 thousand treasury shares to the employees at a price of \$77.53 per share. The total transferred amount was \$43,494 thousand. The Group recognized \$33,968 thousand in compensation cost on the grant date.

The Corporation engaged external independent experts to adopt the Black-Scholes model for the treasury stock options granted in November 2024. The inputs used in the parameters are as follows:

	opti	ury share ions on nt date
Stock price on grant date (NT\$)	\$	138.00
Exercise price (NT\$)	\$	77.53
Expected volatility		31.74%
Expected duration		29days
Risk-free interest rate		1.30%
Fair value of options on grant date (NT\$)	\$	60.55

Expected volatility was based on that is expected to result from the historical share price volatility.

The Corporation's shares acquired and held by the subsidiaries for the purpose of making the medium to long-term profits are accounted for as treasury shares.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the market values of the treasury shares calculated based on the consolidated shareholding percentage were \$780,802 thousand and \$903,284 thousand, respectively.

24. REVENUE

a. Revenue from contracts with customers

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Rendering of services	\$ 5,414,445	\$ 5,028,790	
Sale of goods	592,561	567,901	
-		(Continued)	

		For the Year Ended December 31		
		2024	2023	
Operation of games Licensing revenue		\$ 600,838 166,498	\$ 501,558 151,144	
		\$ 6,774,342	\$ 6,249,393 (Concluded)	
b. Contract balances				
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	January 1, 2023	
Notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, and receivables for agency transactions (classified under other current assets)	<u>\$ 2,411,219</u>	<u>\$ 2,656,025</u>	<u>\$ 2,472,162</u>	
Contract assets Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 2,920 	\$ 4,446 	\$ 3,135 (871) \$ 2,264	
Contract liabilities Royalty fee for games Game points Others	\$ 13,671 85,734 162,023	\$ 14,602 82,702 103,868	\$ 34,456 75,723 165,764	
	<u>\$ 261,428</u>	<u>\$ 201,172</u>	<u>\$ 275,943</u>	

The changes in the balance of contract assets and contract liabilities primarily result from the timing difference between the Group's satisfaction of performance obligations and the respective customer's payment.

Movements of the loss allowance of contract assets were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
Balance, beginning of year Reversal	\$ 871
Balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>

Revenue in the current years that were recognized from the contract liability balance at the beginning of the years and from the performance obligations satisfied in the previous periods were in the amount of \$201,172 thousand and \$275,943 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

c. Disaggregation of revenue

Refer to Note 34 for information about the disaggregation of revenue.

25. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

a. Interest income

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Bank deposits Others	\$ 147,776 45	\$ 127,116 53	
	<u>\$ 147,821</u>	<u>\$ 127,169</u>	

b. Other income

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Rental income Dividend income Others	\$ 22,710 160,844 10,776	\$ 21,586 8,359 13,030
	<u>\$ 194,330</u>	<u>\$ 42,975</u>

c. Other gains and losses

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Net foreign exchange loss Net loss on financial assets at FVTPL Other expenses	\$ (8,337) (6,629) (1,136) (7,477)	\$ 5 (1,240) (4,931) (5,994)
	<u>\$ (23,579)</u>	<u>\$ (12,160</u>)

d. Depreciation and amortization

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets	\$ 20,359 35,436	\$ 23,398 35,135
Investment properties	3,062	3,580
Other intangible assets	<u>25,206</u>	44,154
	<u>\$ 84,063</u>	<u>\$ 106,267</u>
An analysis of depreciation by function		
Operating costs	\$ 548	\$ 492
Operating expenses	55,247	58,041 (Continued)

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Non-operating expenses	\$ 3,062	\$ 3,580	
	\$ 58,857	<u>\$ 62,113</u>	
An analysis of amortization by function			
Operating costs	\$ 10,096	\$ 31,482	
Operating expenses	<u> 15,110</u>	12,672	
	<u>\$ 25,206</u>	\$ 44,154 (Concluded)	

e. Employee benefits

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 1,115,835	\$ 1,053,370	
Post-employment benefits Defined contribution plans Defined benefit plans (Note 22)	43,619 <u>843</u>	43,001 118	
	44,462	43,119	
Share-based payments - equity-settled (Note 23)	33,968	_	
Employee benefits expense	<u>\$ 1,194,265</u>	<u>\$ 1,096,489</u>	
An analysis by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 47,618 	\$ 49,972 	
	<u>\$ 1,194,265</u>	\$ 1,096,489	

f. Compensation of employees and remuneration of directors

According to the Articles of the Corporation, the Corporation accrued compensation of employees and remuneration of directors at rates of no less than 2% and no higher than 2%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees, and remuneration of directors. The compensation of employees and the remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, which were resolved to be paid in cash by the Corporation's board of directors on February 26, 2025 and March 6, 2024, respectively, were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Accrual rate		
Compensation of employees (%)	5	5
Remuneration of directors (%)	1.25	1
		(Continued)

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Amount		
Compensation of employees	\$ 71,235	\$ 56,037
Remuneration of directors	17,809	11,207
		(Concluded)

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there is no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Information on the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors resolved by the Corporation's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

26. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expense are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	\$ 224,461	\$ 218,519
Income tax on unappropriated earnings	2,122	3,168
Adjustments for prior years	4,554	(157)
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current year	24,823	<u>16,130</u>
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 255,960</u>	<u>\$ 237,660</u>

The reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expense is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
		2024		2023
Profit before income tax	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,494,026</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,132,541</u>
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate	\$	399,243	\$	267,626
Deductible income and expenses in determining taxable income		(46,520)		(18,157)
Tax-exempt income		(74,159)		(17,222)
Realized investment loss		(5,399)		-
Adjustments for temporary difference		(2,973)		11,479
Income tax on unappropriated earnings		2,122		3,168
Unrecognized loss carries forwards		(26,134)		(10,896)
Adjustments for prior years' tax		4,554		(157)
				(Continued)

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Others	\$ 5,226	\$ 1,819	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 255,960</u>	\$ 237,660 (Concluded)	

The applicable tax rate used by the entities in the Group in the ROC is 20%; the applicable tax rate used by subsidiaries in China is 25%; and the tax rates used by other entities in the Group operating in other jurisdictions are based on the tax laws in those jurisdictions.

b. Income tax benefit (expense) recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
In respect of the current year Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Translation of foreign operations	\$ (3,290) (9,809)	\$ (88) 1,011	
	<u>\$ (13,099)</u>	<u>\$ 923</u>	

c. Current tax assets and liabilities

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Tax refund receivable	\$ 9,180	\$ 7,999	
Income tax payable	<u>\$ 105,124</u>	\$ 89,528	

d. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Balance, Beginning of Year	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	Balance, End of Year
Deferred tax assets	_			
Temporary differences Defined benefit obligations Loss on inventories Others	\$ 8,470 3,233 8,822	\$ (1,994) (1,726) 943	\$ (1,146) - -	\$ 5,330 1,507 9,765
	<u>\$ 20,525</u>	<u>\$ (2,777)</u>	<u>\$ (1,146)</u>	<u>\$ 16,602</u>
				(Continued)

	Balance, Beginning of Year	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	Balance, End of Year
Deferred tax liabilities				
Temporary differences Unrealized gain from foreign investments Exchange differences on translation of foreign	\$ 82,225	\$ 23,497	\$ -	\$ 105,722
operations	7,993	-	9,809	17,802
Defined benefit obligation	5,797	118	2,144	8,059
Others	<u>1,771</u>	(1,569)	_	202
	<u>\$ 97,786</u>	<u>\$ 22,046</u>	<u>\$ 11,953</u>	<u>\$ 131,785</u> (Concluded)

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Balance, Beginning of Year	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	Balance, End of Year
Deferred tax assets				
Temporary differences Defined benefit obligations Loss on inventories Others	\$ 11,400 5,958 12,664 \$ 30,022	\$ (2,985) (2,725) (3,842) \$ (9,552)	\$ 55 	\$ 8,470 3,233 8,822 \$ 20,525
Deferred tax liabilities				
Temporary differences Unrealized gain from foreign investments Exchange differences on translation of foreign	\$ 74,049	\$ 8,176	\$ -	\$ 82,225
operations Defined benefit obligation Others	9,004 5,337 <u>3,686</u>	317 (1,915)	(1,011) 143 ———————————————————————————————————	7,993 5,797 <u>1,771</u>
	<u>\$ 92,076</u>	<u>\$ 6,578</u>	<u>\$ (868)</u>	<u>\$ 97,786</u>

e. Deferred tax assets that have not been recognized in the consolidated balance sheets and information about unused loss carryforwards

	December 31			1
	20	24		2023
Loss carryforwards				
Expiry in 2024	\$	-	\$	171,771
Expiry in 2025	23	31,762		285,748
Expiry in 2026	2	12,588		213,085
				(Continued)

	Dece	ember 31
	2024	2023
Expiry in 2027	\$ 244,195	\$ 244,195
Expiry in 2028	121,973	121,973
Expiry in 2029	60,108	60,108
Expiry in 2030	74,765	82,034
Expiry in 2031	72,166	91,721
Expiry in 2032	46,777	41,983
Expiry in 2033	149,362	11,493
Expiry in 2034	98	-
Without deduction time limit	2,496	<u>2,496</u>
	<u>\$ 1,266,290</u>	<u>\$ 1,326,607</u>
Deductible temporary differences	<u>\$ 161,489</u>	\$ 179,571 (Concluded)

f. Income tax assessments

The income tax returns of the Corporation through 2022 and of its domestic subsidiaries from 2021-2022 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

27. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The net profit and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

a. Net profit for the year

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Net profit attributable to owners of the Corporation	<u>\$ 1,139,432</u>	<u>\$ 859,826</u>	

b. Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (in thousands of shares)

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the	146 006	121 210
computation of basic earnings per share Add: Employees' compensation issued	146,996 <u>644</u>	121,219 504
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the		
computation of diluted earnings per share	<u>147,640</u>	121,723

The Corporation may settle the compensation paid to employees in cash or shares; therefore, the Corporation assumes that the entire amount of the compensation will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares will be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

28. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from the last 2 years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt and equity of the Group.

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

The Group's management considers that the carrying amounts of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value approximate their fair values.

- b. Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis
 - 1) Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2024

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Foreign listed shares	\$ 4,005	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 4,005</u>
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Domestic and foreign listed marketable securities Domestic and foreign	\$ 3,140,360	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,140,360
unlisted shares	_	_	144,015	144,015
	\$ 3,140,360	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 144,015</u>	\$ 3,284,375
<u>December 31, 2023</u>				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Foreign listed shares	\$ 5,144	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,144
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Domestic and foreign listed marketable securities	\$ 249,821	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 249,821 (Continued)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Domestic and foreign unlisted shares	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 137,921	\$ 137,921
	<u>\$ 249,821</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 137,921</u>	<u>\$ 387,742</u> (Concluded)

For the year ended December 31, 2024, there was not a transfer between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurement. For the year ended December 31, 2023, there was a transfer between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements due to the Group's holdings of private placement shares of listed companies that had completed the procedures of the supplemental public offering and were officially listed and traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange as of July 27, 2023, and thus the related amounts were transferred from level 2 to level 1.

2) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Balance on January 1	\$ 137,921	\$ 115,036	
Purchase	_	9,975	
Recognized in other comprehensive income	6,094	12,910	
Balance on December 31	<u>\$ 144,015</u>	<u>\$ 137,921</u>	

3) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

The fair values of domestic and foreign unlisted shares were assessed and determined by the management with reference to latest net value and liquidity discounts, or by evaluating the total value of individual assets and liabilities covered by evaluation of the underlying shares to reflect the overall value of the underlying shares.

c. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Financial assets			
Financial assets at amortized cost (1) Financial assets at FVTPL Financial assets at FVTOCI	\$ 14,951,189 4,005 3,284,375	\$ 15,339,858 5,144 387,742	
Financial liabilities			
Amortized cost (2)	7,822,408	8,231,042	

- 1) The balances comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, other receivables, receivables for agency transactions (classified under other current assets), other financial assets and refundable deposits, etc.
- 2) The balances comprise notes and accounts payable, other payables, other financial liabilities, payables for agency transactions (classified under other current liabilities), and guarantee deposits received, etc.

d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The corporate treasury function reports regularly to the Group's management.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the market risks are as follows:

a) Foreign currency risk

There were no material impacts on the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities.

b) Interest rate risk

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets with exposure to cash flow interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Cash flow interest rate risk			
Financial assets	\$ 8,562,175	\$ 10,446,694	

In addition, the Group assessed that the time deposits and lease liabilities at fixed rate did not have material fair value risks.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate assets, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of each asset outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year.

If interest rates had been 1% higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$85,622 thousand and \$104,467 thousand, respectively, which was mainly attributable to the Group's variable-rate bank deposits.

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to equity price risk through its investments in equity instruments.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower, the pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$40 thousand and \$51 thousand, respectively,

as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL. The pre-tax other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$32,844 thousand and \$3,877 thousand, respectively, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk could be equal to the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheets.

For the financial risk management policies adopted by the Group, refer to Note 7.

The Group's credit risk is mainly concentrated in the following groups' accounts receivable, other receivables and receivables for agency transactions (listed as other current assets):

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Group A	\$ 375,723	\$ 372,443
Group B	255,240	241,909
Group C	146,785	<u> 154,148</u>
	<u>\$ 777,748</u>	<u>\$ 768,500</u>

The Group's concentration of credit risk accounted for 30% and 28% of total accounts receivable, other receivables and receivables for agency transactions (classified under other current assets) from the above-mentioned groups as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

Liquidity risk table for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

	Within 4 Months	At least 5 Months	More than 1 year	Total
December 31, 2024	_			
Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities	\$ 7,596,096 12,259	\$ 124,846 15,738	\$ 101,466 21,902	\$ 7,822,408 49,899
	\$ 7,608,355	<u>\$ 140,584</u>	\$ 123,368	\$ 7,872,307
				(0 .: 1)

(Continued)

	Within 4 Months	At least 5 Months	More than 1 year	Total
December 31, 2023	_			
Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities	\$ 8,033,999 12,067	\$ 98,774 17,739	\$ 98,269 <u>17,704</u>	\$ 8,231,042 <u>47,510</u>
	\$ 8,046,066	<u>\$ 116,513</u>	<u>\$ 115,973</u>	\$ 8,278,552 (Concluded)

30. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Details of transactions between the Group and related parties were as follows:

a. Related party name and category

Related Party Name	Related Party Category
Gloria Material Technology Corp	Institutional director of the Corporation (Since June 24, 2024)
Taiwan Taomee Co., Ltd.	Associate
Fun Yours Technology Co., Ltd.	Other related party (The Corporation as legal directors of investee companies)
Asure Corporation	Other related party (The person in charge is the second-degree relative of the Corporation's chairman)
Miche Restaurant Co., Ltd.	Other related party (The person in charge is the second-degree relative of the Corporation's chairman)
Asia Recording Co., Ltd.	Other related party (The person in charge is the second-degree relative of the Corporation's chairman)
Soft-World Arts and Culture Foundation	Other related party (The person in charge is the Corporation's chairman)
Gamebase Digital Media Corporation	Other Related Party (Since January 1, 2024)
Green Bless Co., Ltd.	Other Related Party (Since January 1, 2024)
Loftstar Interactive Entertainment Inc.	Other Related Party (Since January 1, 2024)
TSG Hawks Baseball Co., Ltd.	Other Related Party (Related Party Since June 24, 2024)
TSG Star Travel Corp.	Other Related Party (Since June 24, 2024)
Taigang Sports Marketing Co., Ltd.	Other Related Party (Since June 24, 2024)
Home-Chain Foods, Ltd.	Other Related Party (Since June 24, 2024)
Jia Jie Biomedical Co., Ltd.	Other Related Party (Since June 24, 2024)
	(Continued)

Related Party Name	Related Party Category
Ufc Gym Taiwan Limited	Other Related Party (Since June 24, 2024)
Lohas Ocean Leisure Co., Ltd.	Other Related Party (Since June 24, 2024)
Jia Jie Biomedical Co., Ltd.	Other Related Party (Since June 24, 2024)
Ko, Hsiu-Yen	Other related party (Spouse of the Corporation's chairman)
Wang, Li-Chuan	Other related party (Second-degree relative of the Corporation's chairman)
Wang, Chun-Hsiung	Other related party (Second-degree relative of the Corporation's chairman)
	(Concluded)

b. Operating Revenue

		For the Year End	ded December 31
Line Item	Related Party Category	2024	2023
Sale of goods	Other related parties	<u>\$ 95,402</u>	<u>\$ 52,006</u>
Rendering of services	Associates Other related parties	\$ 9,194 3,031	\$ 9,248
		<u>\$ 12,225</u>	<u>\$ 10,041</u>
Licensing revenue	Other related parties	\$ 11 <u>4</u>	\$ -

The selling price for the sale of goods to related parties was not significantly different from that of normal customers. The rendering of services and licensing revenue, which were mainly from MyCard services and authorized music royalty revenue, were recognized according to the terms in each agreement, and the payment term is monthly with 2-month. Other payment terms to related parties were similar to those for third parties.

c. Purchase of goods

	For the Year Ended December 31		
Related Party Category	2024	2023	
Other related parties	<u>\$ 14,212</u>	<u>\$ 7,853</u>	

The Group purchases goods from the related parties, as the Group did not purchase similar products from third parties, the purchase prices cannot be compared. The payment terms are not significantly different from those for general suppliers.

d. Receivables from related parties

		December 31		
Line Item	Related Party Category	2024	2023	
Accounts receivable	Associates Other related parties	\$ 1,304 	\$ 1,952 255	
		\$ 2,068	\$ 2,207	
Other receivables	Other related parties	<u>\$ 30,248</u>	<u>\$ 28,941</u>	

Other receivables are mainly from the Corporation's sale of its exclusive MyCard through its related parties.

The outstanding receivables from related parties were unsecured, with no impairment loss recognized.

e. Payables to related parties

		Decem	iber 31
Line Item	Related Party Category	2024	2023
Notes payable	Other related parties	<u>\$ 272</u>	<u>\$ 780</u>
Accounts payable	Other related parties	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 387</u>
Other payables	Associates Other related parties	\$ 8,983 3,449	\$ 12,541 5
		<u>\$ 12,432</u>	<u>\$ 12,546</u>

Other payables are mainly from the Group provides MyCard platform and point sales services and has received payments from game operators, etc.

The outstanding payables to related parties were unsecured.

f. Others

Fees such as commission, rent, miscellaneous fees and donation which the Group paid to related parties were recognized under operating expenses based on their nature.

	For the Year End	led December 31
Related Party Category	2024	2023
Other related parties	<u>\$ 104,742</u>	<u>\$ 147,889</u>

g. Remuneration of key management personnel

The amounts of the remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$ 82,103 629	\$ 76,780 <u>668</u>
	<u>\$ 82,732</u>	<u>\$ 77,448</u>

31. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

Except as stated in other notes, the following assets of the Group were provided as collateral for various service performance guarantees:

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Other financial assets - current		
Pledged demand deposits	\$ 5,196	\$ 3,469
Pledged time deposits	51,000	51,000
	56,196	54,469
Other financial assets - noncurrent		
Pledged time deposits	<u>89,000</u>	15,000
Property, plant and equipment		
Land	109,463	109,463
Buildings	66,628	72,413
č	176,091	181,876
Investment property		
Buildings	6,177	2,755
	\$ 327,464	\$ 254,100
		-

32. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

- a. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the credit line committed for MyCard by banks was both \$800,000 thousand, respectively.
- b. The Corporation received a writ of certiorari from the Commercial Court in February 2024, in which 16 plaintiffs, including Wanin International Co., Ltd., filed a claim against the Corporation and 6 of its ex-directors for joint damages in the amount of \$112,750 thousand, plus interest. As of the date of the consolidated financial statements were approved to issue the commercial case preparation procedure was finalized and the case was expected to proceed to oral argument. According to the opinion of the appointed attorney, the issues in this lawsuit are similar to those in the previously dismissed provisional injunction and emergency relief requests. The Corporation assessed that the case did not incur loss to the Corporation.

33. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

- a. Information on significant transactions:
 - 1) Financing provided to others: None
 - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided: None

- 3) Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Table 1
- 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 2
- 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 9) Trading in derivative instruments: None
- 10) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions: Table 3
- b. Information on investees: Table 4
- c. Information on investments in mainland China
 - 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area: Table 5
 - 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses:
 - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period: None
 - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the year: None
 - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses: None
 - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the year and the purposes: None
 - e) The highest balance, the end of year balance, the interest rate range, and total current year interest with respect to financing of funds: None
 - f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services: None

c. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder: Table 6

34. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on each operating entity and the types of goods or services delivered or provided. Specifically, the Group's reportable segments were as follows:

- Soft-World International Corporation (the "Corporation"), Soft-World (Hong Kong) International Corporation - Digital content point service platforms, production and publication of computer game magazines, commercial advertising services and the retail sale of entertainment products and accessories for game software. The Corporation also acts as an agent for games and commercial software.
- Chinese Gamer International Corporation and its subsidiaries (Chinese Gamer) Development of computer software and providing online game services.
- Gameflier International Corporation (Game Flier), Game First and its subsidiaries (Game First) Agent of computer game and providing online game services.
- Neweb Technologies and its subsidiary (Neweb Technologies) Data Processing, data software and third-party payment services.
- Efun Corporation and its subsidiary (Efun) Advertising design, packaging, placement and advertisement data processing services.
- Others operating segments are the subsidiaries in the Group, for related information, refer to Note 12 since the subsidiaries do not meet the threshold and thus are not recognized as reportable segments.

Segment revenues and operating result

a. The following is an analysis of the Group's revenues and results of operations by reportable segment.

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Soft-World and Soft-World (Hong Kong)	Chinese Gamer	Game Flier and Game First	Neweb Technologies	Efun	Others	Adjustment and Elimination	Total
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	\$ 3,357,463 80,589	\$ 425,802 1,756	\$ 399,914 5,679	\$ 1,428,673 29,554	\$ 922,129 16,254	\$ 240,361 100,072	\$ - (233,904)	\$ 6,774,342
Total revenue	\$ 3,438,052	<u>\$ 427,558</u>	<u>\$ 405,593</u>	\$ 1,458,227	<u>\$ 938,383</u>	<u>\$ 340,433</u>	<u>\$ (233,904</u>)	\$ 6,774,342
Segment profit (loss) Interest income Other income Other gain and loss Finance costs Share of gain of associates accounted for using the equity method	<u>\$ 959,406</u>	\$ 26,611	<u>\$ 69,247</u>	<u>\$ 27,028</u>	\$ 40,689	<u>\$ 91,846</u>	\$ (39,873)	\$ 1,174,954 147,821 194,330 (23,579) (1,236)
Segment profit before tax								<u>\$ 1,494,026</u>
December 31, 2024								
Segment assets	\$ 12,178,091	\$ 980,578	<u>\$ 1,145,995</u>	\$ 3,857,494	<u>\$ 447,712</u>	\$ 897,869	<u>\$ (34,004</u>)	<u>\$ 19,473,735</u>
Segment liabilities	\$ 5,311,514	\$ 93,967	\$ 161,394	\$ 2,797,189	\$ 168,728	\$ 56,035	\$ (121,154)	\$ 8,467,673

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Soft-World and Soft-World (Hong Kong)	Chinese Gamer	Game Flier and Game First	Neweb Technologies	Efun	Others	Adjustment and Elimination	Total
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	\$ 3,099,915 60,713	\$ 334,330 9,393	\$ 332,812 9,339	\$ 1,288,249 19,615	\$ 909,850 14,734	\$ 284,237 84,232	\$ - (198,026)	\$ 6,249,393
Total revenue	\$ 3,160,628	<u>\$ 343,723</u>	<u>\$ 342,151</u>	<u>\$ 1,307,864</u>	<u>\$ 924,584</u>	\$ 368,469	<u>\$ (198,026)</u>	\$ 6,249,393
Segment profit (loss) Interest income Other income Other gain and loss Finance costs Share of gain of associates accounted for using the equity method	\$ 900,054	<u>\$ (32,725)</u>	<u>\$ 23,400</u>	<u>\$ (22,438)</u>	<u>\$ 36,451</u>	\$ 94,020	<u>\$ (23,900)</u>	\$ 974,862 127,169 42,975 (12,160) (1,586)
Segment profit before tax								\$ 1,132,541
December 31, 2023								
Segment assets	\$ 9,336,217	<u>\$ 921,407</u>	<u>\$ 1,370,893</u>	\$ 4,023,563	\$ 568,087	<u>\$ 869,407</u>	<u>\$ (163,897)</u>	\$ 16,925,677
Segment liabilities	\$ 5,422,986	\$ 105,835	\$ 190,976	\$ 3,011,894	\$ 200,089	\$ 71,031	<u>\$ (251,047)</u>	\$ 8,751,764

Segment profit (loss) represents the profit (loss) before tax earned by each segment without non-operating income and loss. This was the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

b. Revenue from major products and services: Note 24

c. Geographical information

The Group operates in two principal geographical areas - Taiwan (ROC) and China.

The Group's revenue from external customers by location of operations and information about its noncurrent assets by location of assets are detailed below:

		om External omers		
	For the Y	ear Ended	Noncurre	ent Assets
	Decem	iber 31	Decem	iber 31
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Taiwan (ROC) China Others	\$ 5,324,489 693,910 755,943	\$ 5,123,465 710,866 415,062	\$ 410,144 29,756 9,733	\$ 423,044 37,321 9,908
	\$ 6,774,342	\$ 6,249,393	<u>\$ 449,633</u>	\$ 470,273

Noncurrent assets exclude financial instruments, goodwill, deferred tax assets and net defined benefit assets, etc.

d. Information about major customers

There was no single customer contributing 10% or more to the Group's revenue in 2024 and 2023.

SOFT-WORLD INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					December 3	1, 2024		
Held Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with The Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note
The Corporation	Stock							
The Corporation	Userjoy Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -	590,606	\$ 44,649	1	\$ 44,649	
	Softstar Entertainment Inc.	-	noncurrent Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -	269,021	15,146	-	15,146	
	China Communications Media Group Co., Ltd.	-	noncurrent Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent	103,949	-	1	-	
	Fun Yours Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent	2,846,125	144,584	12	144,584	
	Kuobrothers Corporation	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent	625,207	7,690	2	7,690	
	Gameone Holdings Limited.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent	180,000	410	1	410	
	Gloria Material Technology Corp.	Institutional director of the parent corporation	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent	62,920,000	2,925,780	10	2,925,780	
	Archosaur Games Inc.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - noncurrent	668,000	4,005	-	4,005	
Intelligent Description	Constr				<u>\$3,142,264</u>		<u>\$3,142,264</u>	
Intelligent Dragon Venture Capital Corporation	Stock							
	9Splay Entertainment Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent	256,815	\$ -	3	\$ -	
	Soft-World International Corporation	The ultimate parent company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent	9,998,000	907,553	6	907,553	Note
					<u>\$ 907,553</u>		<u>\$ 907,553</u>	

(Continued)

Held Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with The Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	December 3 Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership	Fair Value	Note
eweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stock Green World Hotels Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -	45,725	\$ 2,101	- (%)	\$ 2,101	
	Taiwan Smart Card Co., Ltd	-	noncurrent Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -	3,140,671	15,101	20	15,101	
	POMO Network INC.	-	noncurrent Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent	175,000	5,475	4	5,475	
					<u>\$ 22,677</u>		<u>\$ 22,677</u>	
lobal Concept Corporation	Stock Ever Master Holdings Limited	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - noncurrent	25,000,000	<u>\$ 123,439</u>	33	<u>\$ 123,439</u>	
								(Concl.

(Concluded)

Note: The Corporation's shares held by its subsidiaries were considered treasury shares. For related information, refer to Note 23.

SOFT-WORLD INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

 $MARKETABLE\ SECURITIES\ ACQUIRED\ OR\ DISPOSED\ OF\ AT\ COSTS\ OR\ PRICES\ OF\ AT\ LEAST\ NT\$300\ MILLION\ OR\ 20\%\ OF\ THE\ PAID-IN\ CAPITAL\ FOR\ THE\ YEAR\ ENDED\ DECEMBER\ 31,2024$

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Type and Name of Marketable	Financial Statement	ment G		Beginning	g Balance	Acqu	isition		Di	sposal		Ending	Balance
Company Name	Marketable Securities	Account	Counterparty	Relationship	Shares/Units	Amount	Shares/Units	Amount	Shares/Units	Amount	Carrying Amount	Gain/Loss on Disposal	Shares/Units	Amount (Note)
The Corporation	Stock Gloria Material Technology Corp.	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-noncurrent	-	-	-	\$ -	62,920,000	\$ 2,994,992	-	\$ -	s -	\$ -	62,920,000	\$ 2,925,780

Note: Including unrealized gain or loss on financial assets at FVTOCI.

SOFT-WORLD INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship	Financial Statement Accounts	Amount	Payment Terms	% of Total Operating Revenues (Assets)
0	The Corporation	Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	\$ 21,404	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
0	The Corporation	Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	2,978	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
0	The Corporation	Gameflier International Corporation	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	55,897	There was no significant difference from other clients	1
0	The Corporation	Gameflier International Corporation	Parent to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	6,450	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
0	The Corporation	Softworld (Hong Kong) International Co.,	Parent to subsidiary	Other receivables	54,633	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
0	The Corporation	Efun International Corporation	Parent to subsidiary	Operating revenue	1,953	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
0	The Corporation	Re: Ad Media (Taiwan) Corporation	Parent to subsidiary	Other receivable	1,021	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
1	Chinese Gamer International Corporation	The Corporation	Subsidiary to parent	Accounts receivable	17,128	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
2		The Corporation	Subsidiary to parent	Accounts receivable	45,220	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
2	Gameflier International Corporation	Gameflier International (Beijing) Corporation	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	1,193	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
3	Game First International Corporation		Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	1,630	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
4	Zealot Digital International Corporation	The Corporation	Subsidiary to parent	Operating revenue	23,737	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
4	Zealot Digital International Corporation	The Corporation	Subsidiary to parent	Accounts receivable	1,957	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
4	Zealot Digital International Corporation	The Corporation	Subsidiary to parent	Contract assets	29,321	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
5	Softworld (Hong Kong) International Co.,	The Corporation	Subsidiary to parent	Operating revenue	4,145	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
6	Fast Distributed Cloud Computing (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	Gameflier International Corporation	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	2,247	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
6	Fast Distributed Cloud Computing (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	Neweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	4,552	There was no significant difference from other clients	-
6	Fast Distributed Cloud Computing (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	Neweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	1,305	There was no significant difference from other clients	-

(Continued)

				Transaction Details								
No.	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship	Financial Statement Accounts	Amount	Payment Terms	% of Total Operating Revenues (Assets)					
7	Neweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	The Corporation	Subsidiary to parent	Operating revenue	\$ 21,724	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
7	Neweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	1,398	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
7	Neweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	We Can Financial Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	6,392	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
7	Neweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	We Can Financial Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	1,100	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
8	Efun International Corporation	The Corporation	Subsidiary to parent	Operating revenue	2,718	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
8	Efun International Corporation	Gameflier International Corporation	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	4,623	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
8	Efun International Corporation	Game First International Corporation	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	3,599	There was no significant difference between related parties and other clients	-					
8	Efun International Corporation	GameTopia Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	1,365	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
9	We Can Financial Technology Co., Ltd.	ezPay Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	9,492	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
9	We Can Financial Technology Co., Ltd.	ezPay Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Accounts receivable	1,634	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
10	Dynasty International Information Co., Ltd.	The Corporation	Subsidiary to parent	Operating revenue	2,418	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
11		Gameflier International Corporation	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	6,175	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
11	Re: Ad Media (Taiwan) Corporation	Game Topia Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	1,091	There was no significant difference from other clients	-					
12	Yulon Online (Beijing) Technologies Co., Ltd.	Corporation	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Operating revenue	1,756	There was no significant difference from other clients						

(Concluded)

SOFT-WORLD INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Original I	tmont Amount	As of	December	31, 2024	N-4 I (I	.e		
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	Original Invest		Number of shares	(%)	Carrying Amount	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	Share of Profit (Loss) Note	
				December 31, 2024	January 1, 2024		(,,,					
The Corporation	Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Taiwan	Network authentication, data storage, manufacture of equipment, data processing service, electronic information providing service, and general	\$ 371,319	\$ 371,319	41,880,205	48	\$ 519,224	\$ 70,219	\$ 18,788	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Soft-World Technology Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	advertising service, etc. Manufacturing, processing, trading, design and selling and also an agent of various computer software and accessories, etc.	8,959	8,959	390,000	100	16,140	994	994	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Gameflier International Corporation	Taiwan	Electronic data information providing service, etc.	218,153	218,017	28,333,262	98	749,813	54,679	53,875	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Global Concept Corporation	Samoa	Investment company	295,068	295,068	9,631,253	100	441,617	(5,146)	(5,146)	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Game First International Corporation	Taiwan	Online game service	-	27,813	4,900,000	70	156,466	18,129	12,690	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Zealot Digital International Corporation	Taiwan	Electronic data information providing service, etc.	50,874	50,874	4,946,757	99	92,212	3,063	3,030	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Softworld (Hong Kong) International Co.,	Hong Kong	Trading of game software	88,858	88,858	3,883,558	100	646,306	122,631	122,631	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Dynasty International Information Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Development, design, trading of computer software,	11,381	14,667	1,862,278	86	26,945	1,959	1,683	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Intelligent Dragon Venture Capital Corporation	Taiwan	Investment company	100,000	100,000	12,238,961	13	14,384	89,897	(11)	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Fast Distributed Cloud Computing (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Retail sale, wholesale and service for information software, etc.	13,812	13,812	3,774,636	90	118,129	12,200	10,980	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Neweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retail sale of information software and electronic information providing service	510,860	510,567	38,104,043	50	534,818	51,454	25,953	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Efun International Corporation	Taiwan	Information software, data processing service and general advertising service, etc.	12,768	91,364	8,002,744	80	223,271	38,229	30,591	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Lung Hsiang Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment company	250,000	250,000	25,000,000	44	38,850	64,260	(984)	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	Celad International Corp.	Taiwan	Network authentication, data storage, manufacture of equipment, data processing service, electronic information providing service, general advertising service, etc.	17,500	17,500	477,273	32	86	46	15	Subsidiary (Note 3)	
The Corporation	We Can Financial Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Development of financial system and equipment, etc.	27,824	27,824	5,106,000	51	5,729	389	199	Subsidiary (Note 3)	

(Continued)

				Original Invest	ment Amount	As of	December	r 31, 2024	Not Income (Loss) o		
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2024	January 1, 2024	Number of shares	(%)	Carrying Amount	the Investee	Share of Profit (Loss)	Note
The Corporation	Joy Children Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retail sale of stationery articles, musical instruments and educational	\$ 20,512	\$ 20,512	2,051,153	32	\$ 12,479	\$ 1,697	\$ 541	Note 1
Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Taichigamer (B.V.I.) Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	entertainment article, etc. Investment company	96,942	96,942	3,041,698	100	265,373	7,638	7,638	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Walkfun International Corporation		Network authentication, data storage, manufacture of equipment, data processing service, electronic information providing service, general	15,000	15,000	1,500,000	100	16,861	149	149	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Celad International Corp.	Taiwan	advertising service, etc. Network authentication, data storage, manufacture of equipment, data processing service, electronic information providing service, general	27,620	27,620	1,022,727	68	185	46	31	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Super Game Corporation	Taiwan	advertising service, etc. Network authentication, data storage, manufacture of equipment, data processing service, electronic information providing service, general advertising service, etc.	5,771	5,771	880,000	88	1,566	(72)	(64)	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Intelligent Dragon Venture Capital Corporation	Taiwan	Investment company	100,000	100,000	12,238,961	13	177,476	89,897	11,732	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Star Diamond Universal Corporation(BVI)	British Virgin Islands	Business related investee	109,300	109,300	70,000	100	36,673	(10,110)	(10,110)	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Chinese Gamer International Corporation	FunBear International Corp.		Network authentication, data storage, manufacture of equipment, data processing service, electronic information providing service, general advertising service, etc.	16,552	16,552	1,600,000	100	16,687	138	138	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Chinese Gamer International Corporation	GameTopia Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Network authentication, data storage, manufacture of equipment, data processing service, electronic information providing service, general advertising service, etc.	30,994	30,994	3,784,063	65	51,796	12,530	8,171	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Oriental Dragon Digital Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Network authentication, data storage, manufacture of equipment, data processing service, electronic information providing service, general advertising service, etc.	19,369	19,369	1,520,000	100	16,819	110	110	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Chinese Gamer International Corporation	Lung Hsiang Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment company	168,000	168,000	16,800,000	30	299,302	64,260	19,008	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Taichigamer (B.V.I.) Co., Ltd.	Transasiagamer Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment company	94,264	94,264	2,976,934	100	258,812	7,774	7,774	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Transasiagamer Co., Ltd.	Yulon Online (Beijing) Technologies Co., Ltd.		Development, production of computer software and accessories; homemade products, installation of computer hardware, repair, technique consulting, technique training, and sale of homemade products	69,569	69,569	-	100	233,958	8,403	8,403	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Star Diamond Universal Corporation(BVI)	Dragon Gamer (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Hong Kong	Online game service	109,300	109,300	350,000	100	36,672	(10,110)	(10,110)	Subsidiary (Note 3)

(Continued)

				Original I	mont Amount	As of	December	31, 2024	N-4 I (I		
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	Original Invest		Number of shares	(%)	Carrying Amount	the Investee	Share of Profit (Loss	Note
				December 31, 2024	January 1, 2024		(,,,	,g			
GameTopia Co., Ltd.	GameTopia (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Hong Kong	Information software service	\$ 987	\$ 987	3,300	100	\$ 51,270	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Global Concept Corporation	Value Central Corporation	Samoa	Investment company	45,452	45,452	1,450,000	100	20,587	(503)	(503)	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Global Concept Corporation	Gamers Grande Corporation	Malaysia	Business related investee	179,788	179,788	6,453,621	100	219,378	(10,609)	(10,609)	Subsidiary (Note 3)
		Malaysia Hong Kong	Investment company Acquisition and royalty for game software	56,074 -	56,074 20,255	30,250 4,700,000	30 100	27,203	4,720 (121)	1,183 (121)	Note 1 Subsidiary (Note 3)
Game First International Corporation		Taiwan	Agent and operation of sports games	21,342	21,342	2,941,520	100	8,458	31	31	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Intelligent Dragon Venture Capital S Corporation		Taiwan	Manufacture of computers and accessories	-	20,002	-	-	-	39	12	Note 1
	ezPay Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronic payment service	1,066,748	1,066,748	51,400,000	100	392,207	(40,833)	(40,556)	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Neweb Technologies Co., Ltd.	CS Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Information software	5,000	5,000	525,300	100	5,686	67	67	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Efun International Corporation	Re: Ad Media (Taiwan) Corporation	Taiwan	General advertising service	26,000	26,000	6,729,249	100	81,089	7,786	7,786	Subsidiary (Note 3)
Lung Hsiang Investment Co., Ltd. I		Taiwan	Investment company	566,000	566,000	69,272,515	74	752,135	89,897	66,433	Subsidiary (Note 3)

(Concluded)

Note 1: Investment accounted for using the equity method.

Note 2: For investees in China, refer to Table 5.

Note 3: Eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

SOFT-WORLD INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

					Accumulated Outward	Remittanc	e of Funds	Accumulated Outward		%			Accumulated	
	Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment	Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2024	Outward	Inward	Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2024	Net Loss of the Investee	Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Loss (Note 1)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2024	Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2024	Note
1	Gameflier International (Beijing) Corporation	Development of techniques, transferring, service, consulting, training; production and sale of computer software and related hardware; internet information service	\$ 214,678	Investment through a holding company was registered in a third region.	\$ 186,300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 186,300	\$ (10,520)	100	\$ (10,520)	\$ 214,184	\$ -	Note 2

	Accumulated Outward Remittance	Investment Amount Authorized	Upper Limit on the Amount of
Investee Company	for Investments in Mainland China	by the Investment Commission,	Investments Stipulated by the
	as of December 31, 2024	MOEA (Note 3)	Investment Commission, MOEA
The Corporation	\$ 186,300	\$ 332,198	\$ 5,882,556
		(USD 10,936 thousand)	

- Note 1: Recognized gain/loss on investments based on the audited financial statements.
- Note 2: Gameflier International (Beijing) Corporation distributed earnings that amounted to RMB10,719 thousand to Gamers Grande Corporation in August 2010 and December 2022, respectively, which has not been transferred to Taiwan as of December 31, 2024.
- Note 3: The difference between the amount of accumulated outward remittance for investments and the investment amount authorized by the Investment Commission was \$145,898 thousand, including investments without significant influence of \$56,965 thousand and investments sold out but not withdrawn of \$88,933 thousand.

SOFT-WORLD INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Shares	
Name of The Shareholder	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage of Ownership (%)
Gloria Matarial Tachnology Corn	28,600,000	18.32
Gloria Material Technology Corp Wang, Chin-Po	21,608,850	13.84
Wanin International Co., Ltd.	15,273,000	9.78
Kingtian Technologies Corporation Investment Account in	13,273,000	9.70
Custody of KGI Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	11,456,000	7.34
ntelligent Dragon Venture Capital Corporation	9,998,000	6.41

- Note 1: Major shareholders in the Table above are shareholders owning 5% or more of the Corporation's common and preferred stocks (only ones that have completed dematerialized registration and delivery) based on calculations performed by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation using data as of the last business date at the end of each quarter.
- Note 2: Where the stocks are entrusted by shareholders, information is disclosed by the individual account of settlor who has segregated trust accounts opened by trustor. As for shareholders filing shareholdings of insiders with 10% or more of the Corporation's stocks pursuant to the securities and exchange laws and regulations, the number of stocks owned shall be ones owned by the persons plus ones entrusted where the shareholders have the power to decide how to utilize the trust property. Please access the Market Observation Post System website for information on insiders' shareholding filings.